



2007 — evropsko leto enakih možnosti za vse

# CONCEPTUALISATION OF THE REGIONAL NET OF SOCIAL FARMS

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# The aim



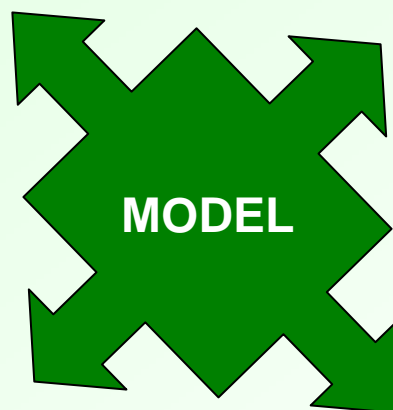
- ❖ to model a network of social services for the mentally disabled provided by the family farms as supplementary on-farm activity
- ❖ to assess number of potential users, as well as providers-family farms



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## PRINCIPLES

- ❖ opportunities
- ❖ solidarity
- ❖ accessibility
- ❖ economics
- ❖ pro-choice



MODEL

## STRUCTURAL ELEMENT

- ❖ needs
- ❖ number and structure of potential users
- ❖ actual programs, available human and other resources;
- ❖ spatial and logistic characteristics, organization, standards

## EXTERANL FACTORS

- ❖ general values and standpoints
- ❖ awareness and organization of potential users
- ❖ concept of development of agriculture, as well as social care,
- ❖ legal framework
- ❖ available resources

## PROCESS

- ❖ planning
- ❖ implementation/execution
- ❖ control

# Area of the research:



**Mentally disabled children and youth: 377**

**Mentally disabled adults: ~ 700**

# Results: children and youth



Table 1: Mentally disabled children and youth as potential users of green care, Ljubljana

Target group	Number of potential users	Actual programs
Children and youth-all	377	
Preschool children	61	Education and training
School children and youth	107	Education and training
Institutionalized children and youth	209	All-day care; education and training

Table 2: Potential capacities of green care programs for mentally disabled children and youth, Ljubljana

Green care activity	Frequency	Days/year
Visiting a farm	4 time per year (seasons) in groups of 10; if possible 2 visits/day	148 (1 visit/day); 74 (2 visits/day)
Day excursion	Once per year in groups of 10	37
Learning	Youth (1/3 of 370) 4 time per year (seasons) in groups of 5 for a hole day	86
Weekend-holidays	1/3 of children and youth 4 weekends (seasons)	500
“School in nature”	Once per year each pupil spend 14 days on a farm	481
		<b>Total</b> 1176 -1252

# Results: adults



**Table 4: Potential capacities of green care programs for mentally disabled adults, Ljubljana**

<b>Green care activity</b>		<b>Posts/year</b>	<b>Days/year</b>
<b>Long-life education</b>	<b>Motivating and experiencing visits of a farm<sup>1</sup></b>	<b>300</b>	<b>...</b>
	<b>Learning<sup>2</sup></b>	<b>..-</b>	
<b>Occupational activities</b>	<b>Inflow of graduates<sup>3</sup></b>	<b>10</b>	<b>200</b>
	<b>Diversification of activities<sup>3</sup></b>	<b>266</b>	<b>200</b>
<b>All-day care</b>	<b>Permanent on-farm residence</b>	<b>15</b>	<b>365</b>
	<b>At-times on-farm residence</b>	<b>50-200</b>	<b>...</b>
	<b>Permanent care</b>	<b>3-5</b>	<b>365</b>
	<b>Total</b>	<b>644-796</b>	
<b>Free-time activities</b>	<b>Day-excursions (once per year in groups of 10)</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>35</b>
	<b>Weekend-holidays</b>	<b>350</b>	<b>700</b>
	<b>Holydays (14 days; winter, summer)</b>	<b>350</b>	<b>4450</b>
	<b>Total</b>	<b>...</b>	<b>5185</b>

# Results: number of farms

**Table 5: Estimated number of farms to meet needs for green care activities form mentally disabled by type if activity, Ljubljana**

Types of green care activities	Number of farms
On-farm visits and learning	4
On-farm learning and occupations	150-300 (1-2 users/farm); 50-100 (3-6 users/farm)
On-farm learning, occupation and permanent residence	25 2 for short-term at times residence
On-farm free-time activities	5 (with capacity at lest 10 persons/day)
Permanent care	2-5



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**Thank you for your attention!**